

Fiscal Health of the District

October 19, 2022



















Process & Approach

Process and Approach

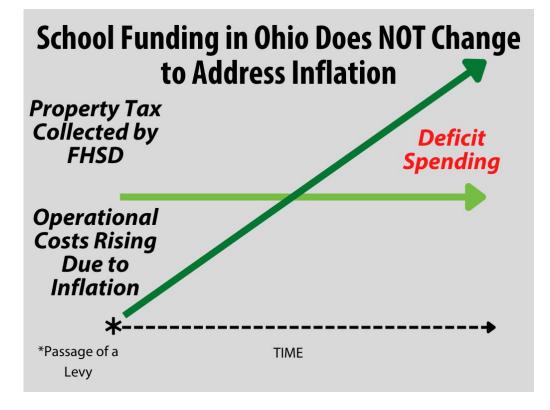


- August 1, 2022 Today
- Careful Analysis of District Finances
 - Our Current Reality
 - Historical Context
 - Imminent Costs Approaching
 - Planning for a Bright Future





• HB 920: protects homeowners from increasing taxes; district revenue does not increase without a vote from taxpayers





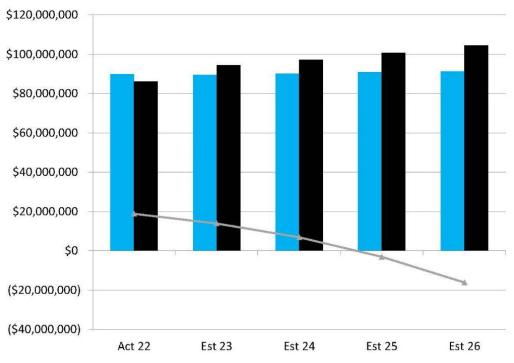
Current Status

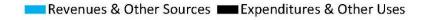
- FHSD costs are increasing, outpacing revenue
- 85% of spending is on people, 10% fixed, 5% discretionary
- FHSD will have to make challenging decisions to either cut costs or raise revenue

Immediate Fiscal Concerns:

- \$1 million per year currently spent on facilities/maintenance
- \$5-5.5 million to replace critical systems nearing end of life
- Cost of business is rising FAST

5-Year-Forecast





--- Cash Balance



Historical Context

Historical Context



Negligible PI Levy

- Permanent Improvement Levy to address capital improvements
- FHSD = 0.5 mills (equivalent to .41 mills today)
 - Hamilton Schools 4.0 mills (raises \$4 million annually)
 Loveland Schools 2.0 mills (\$3 million)
- \$650,000 is collected annually from FHSD PI levy
- \$350,000 is spent each year from PI fund toward existing debt for past capital projects

Historical Context



2014 Bond – Construction Outcome

- \$103 million project made much needed improvements
- Project exceeded initial budget by \$4.24 million
 - Additional features added after project started:
 - \$3 million in technology/furniture etc.
 - \$3 million from PI Fund to cover other costs
- Combined overruns & additional items added: \$10.24 million
- Various needs went unmet (building systems)
 - Ex. 70-80% of roofs not replaced/repaired during bond



Major Costs FHSD is Facing NOW

Major Costs FHSD is Facing



Facilities

- OFCC Assessments from 2010
 - 3 buildings (Maddux, Summit, Wilson) ABOVE ²/₃
 threshold (renovate vs. replace)
 - 4 buildings (Anderson, Ayer, Mercer, Sherwood)
 were nearing ²/₃ threshold

Facility Data

DIJU DING NAME	AGE OF	NEW BUILDING COST		OSFC RENOVATION COST	40-YEAR PATCH & REPAIR	40-YEAR PATCH & REPAIR
BUILDING NAME	BUILDING	(03)	/REBUILD	<u> </u>	(Today's \$\$)	(W/INFLATION)
Anderson High School	49 (1961)	\$49,902,640	58%	\$28,943,531	\$20,484,345	\$45,905,214
Turpin High School	34 (1976)	\$45,042,050	30%	\$13,512,615	\$11,734,534	\$26,010,158
Nagel Middle School	11 (1999)	\$37,552,500	8%	\$3,004,200	\$2,724,300	\$6,194,491
Ayer Elementary School	37 (1973)	\$12,556,125	57%	\$7,156,991	\$4,535,450	\$10,905,860
Maddux Elementary School	44 (1966)	\$13,034,250	67%	\$8,732,948	\$6,943,850	\$17,537,468
Mercer Elementary School	37 (1973)	\$21,759,075	53%	\$11,532,310	\$7,362,550	\$15,952,773
Sherwood Elementary School	40 (1970)	\$12,556,125	58%	\$7,282,553	\$4,216,500	\$9,480,265
Summit Elementary School	42 (1968)	\$14,121,000	69%	\$9,743,490	\$6,140,600	\$13,311,602
Wilson Elementary School	51 (1959)	\$12,946,050	93%	\$12,039,827	\$12,034,170	\$25,651,074
TOTAL		\$219,469,815		\$101,948,464	\$76,176,299	\$170,948,905



2010 OFCC evaluations

^{*}OSFC is the Ohio Schools Facilities Commission. This state agency establishes guidelines for new construction of public school buildings.

Major Costs FHSD is Facing



Urgent and Imminent Renovations

- Roofs
 - \$2.9 million roof repair / replace
 - More than 300,000 sq. ft. were NOT TOUCHED during 2014 bond project (70-80%)
- Asphalt
 - \$650,000-\$750,000
- Video Surveillance
 - \$326,000 system upgrades
 - \$175,000+ to add and update video cameras
- Buses
 - \$1-1.3 million for current replacements
 - o 15-year lifespan, 12 buses are at or near end-of-life, \$110,000 average cost per bus
- Big budget athletics/arts projects



Major Costs FHSD is Facing



Operations

- When roughly 85% of the annual budget is allocated to personnel, <u>EVERY</u> reduction impacts students
- Since 2018 (even <u>after</u> passing the 2019 4.7 mill Operating Levy)
 - Reduced 20 FTEs (including 14 teaching positions by attrition)
 - Reduced EACH school building budget by 10%
- Inflation impacts on the cost to do business
 - Bureau of Labor Statistics: USD more than 4% annual inflation rate since
 2018 = more than 18% cumulative increase
 - \$4.43 per gallon diesel bill today vs. \$2.34 per gallon one year ago





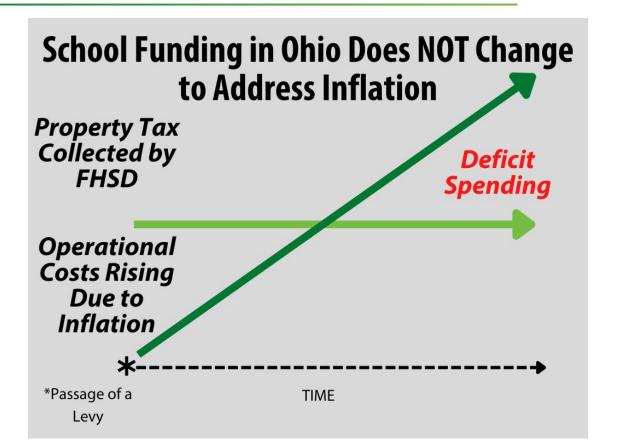
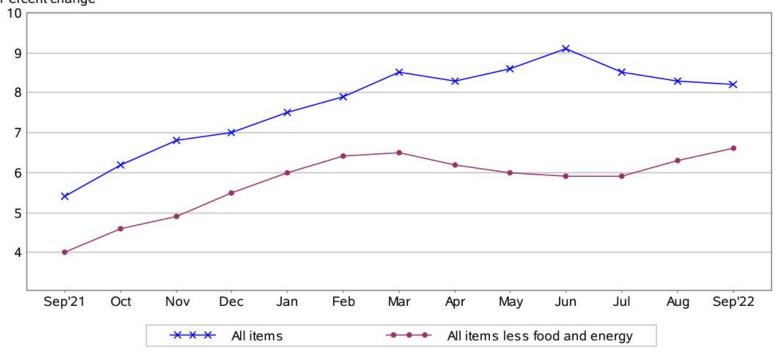


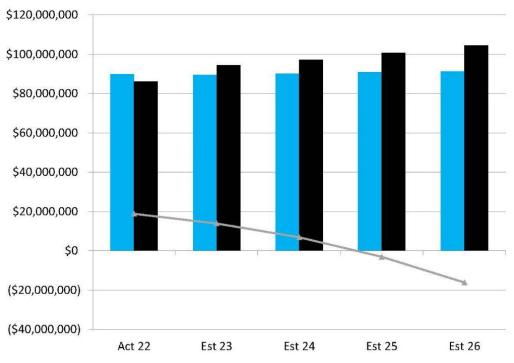


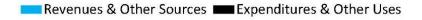
Chart 2. 12-month percent change in CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), not seasonally adjusted, Sep. 2021 - Sep. 2022
Percent change



According to Bureau of Labor Statistics (News Release, October 13, 2022)

5-Year-Forecast





--- Cash Balance

Conclusions



- Something needs to CHANGE
 - Not a sustainable path forward to fund programs and maintain buildings without CHANGE
 - It only works right now because the STAFF go above and beyond
- ODE placed FHSD in "pre-cautionary financial state" in 2018